[XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1224.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1769.

LONDON, *November* 19.

I send you the following Debates on his MAJESTY's SPEECH. *They were publiſhed here this Day under feigned Names, which I have eraſed, and, in their Place, have ſubſtituted others.*

HIS M——y being withdrawn, and the Members returned to their Station, a Motion was made for an Addreſs, which was ſeconded by M. S—n—y, who, after ſhewing in a ſhort Speech, the Propriety of the Addreſs, he began with Remarks upon the preſent State of the Nation, expatiating largely on the Obſtinacy of the N—th A———n Colonies. "What ſhall we ſay," cried he, "to the raſh Order of the Aſſembly of M——ch——ts-Bay, to ſend Circular Letters to the other Colonies, and their inſolent Refuſal to eraſe that Order from their Journal, which occaſioned their Diſſolution? What ſhall we ſay to the Effect that Diſſolution had upon them? Inſtead of cooling and bringing them to Reaſon from Raſhneſs, they burſt out into Turbulence, from Turbulence to Treaſon; for what, but Treaſon, are the Reſolutions in what they call their Convention; when inliſting under a factious Leader, they ſounded the Trumpet of Rebellion; declared open Oppoſition to the Intereſts of their Mother Country; and, by taking Arms to defend themſelves, at once renounced her Protection? At length, indeed, their Violence is ſtayed. But how? By the Arrival of the King's Troops at B——n. The Mildneſs of the Civil Power being contemned, there was no Recourſe to be had, but to the Military; and I am very glad that this Trial of N—th A———a and G——t-B——n has been made; for thoſe Diſturbers of Public Peace, and Subverters of Government, are now acquainted both with us and themſelves."—There was, he obſerved, Two Defects in the Conſtitution of the Colony of M———s-Bay: Firſt, That the Privy-Council of the Governor is always choſen by the Aſſembly; and that of the Grand-Juries are elected by the Townſhips, not by the Sheriffs. Then paſſing over to Eu——pe, he ſaid, "he wiſhed he could turn his Eyes from the boiſterous A——s to a Scene of greater Calm, nearer home; but the Attack of the Iſland of Corſica by the French, in Violation of the Treaty of A-x la Ch—p—le looked too like the threatening of a ſtorm, and muſt create many Fears and Jealouſies; however, he hoped, and believed, theſe Fears were groundleſs; for he could not conſider an Attempt to ſubject that little Spot and People, as one of thoſe glorious Efforts which makes Ambition Virtue, but an unmeaning and uſeleſs Exertion of that reſtleſs Spirit, which has long made France the Dread of E——e."

A Committee was ordered to prepare an Addreſs of Thanks; but on its being read, much Controverſy enſued; thoſe of the Court Side were for its going, as it was penned, in the uſual Strain; thoſe of the oppoſite Party moved for an Amendment, by ſtriking out the Words, *We return your Majeſty our humble Thanks for having taken ſuch Steps as your Majeſty judged neceſſary*; and to inſert in their Place, *We will take into our immediate Conſideration the Steps which have been taken, with Regard to your Majeſty's Colonies, in full Confidence, however, that we ſhall entirely approve of them.* But to this Lord N—th anſwered, "that an Addreſs was a proper and reſpectful Compliment, and, that the preſent contained nothing which can preclude the Freedom of Debate upon, or Cenſure upon any Meaſures taken by Adminiſtration."

Lord Cl——re, "urged the Danger of the Colonies hearing there was any Doubt in that Aſſembly of their Guilt, or any Appearance of Diſunion, wiſhed his noble Friend to conſider, whether the Alterations would not be ſuch as Mr. O—s himſelf would have propoſed, and whether what was agreeable to Mr. O—s, would be properly approved of by that Houſe?" Much more was ſaid by others, when Mr. B——ke delivered himſelf as follows:

"It may appear an Effect of the higheſt Preſumption in me to offer my poor Sentiments on this moſt important Criſis in the Affairs of this Kingdom; but I feel myſelf ſo ſtrongly affected, that I am unable to keep Silence; A——a is, indeed, very near my Heart; and if this Houſe will indulge me with their Patience, while I ſubmit my Opinion to them, I ſhall little regard whether that Opinion will be approved by Mr. O——s, or not; nor am I ſo narrow minded as not to be equally indifferent as to the Sentiments of Mr. O——s, and thoſe of the noble Lord.

"The preſent State of the Colonies is the moſt momentous Subject ever under the Conſideration of this, the moſt illuſtrious Aſſembly upon Earth. Highly unworthy would it be of the Wiſdom, and inconſiſtent with the Dignity of ſuch an Aſſembly, to offer Complaints, inſtead of Counſel, at ſuch a Criſis; to approve the Purſuit of Meaſures, whoſe Propriety they are ignorant of, and to condemn whole Realms unheard. I have heard that the A—r——n Petitions have not been received by the Adminiſtration. If this Houſe ſhould, by this Addreſs, virtually condemn their Conduct, it would make them altogether deſperate: The Speech, which I conſider merely as that of the Miniſter's, is too enigmatical for me to underſtand; it hints at ſomething, but communicates nothing; it is like the penning of a Whiſper; one hears a ſmall Sound, but receives no Ideas.

"To the Addreſs, in general, I have no great Objection; it is like moſt other Addreſſes, a Kind of Echo of the Speech; a faithful Copy, ſomething fairer than the Original. But I muſt move in the Support of the Amendment; without which, I cannot but think we ſhall preclude ourſelves from a fair Enquiry into the Conduct of the Adminiſtration. With what Decency can we condemn, if we ſhould diſapprove thoſe Meaſures, whoſe Propriety we acknowledge, by thanking his Majeſty for purſuing them, for judging them neceſſary?

For my own Part, I confeſs, with Regard to A——a, I ſee no Neceſſity for ſuch violent Meaſures as have been taken; or, if there was Neceſſity, it was of the Miniſtry's own Creation. When I ſee at the Head of the Law, a Perſon whoſe former Opinions are appealed to as Authority in every ſeditious Pamphlet, with which N—th-A———a ſwarms; when I ſee the Principles of the Man, who, by his Station in the Oracle of the Law in England, become the Magna Charta of N—th-A———n Licentiouſneſs; I cannot but apologize for the N—th A———ns, who are ſupported in their Intemperance by ſuch high Authority. But, when I ſee the ſame Man joining in Support of the uniform Plan of Oppreſſion towards the N—th-A——ns, begun by the Adminiſtration at his firſt coming into Power, and ſtill perſevered in; my Aſtoniſhment at the Folly of his Opinions, is loſt in Indignation at the Baſeneſs of his Conduct.

When the late Parliament thought proper to paſs the Stamp-Act, N—th A——a was ſoon all in a Flame; but, when the Parliament refining upon its own Wiſdom repealed that Act, upon conſtitutional Principles, not wild Chimeras, the Colonies returned to their State of Coolneſs and Tranquillity. The Diſorder was now brought to an Intermiſſion, and a wiſe Phyſician, by the Application of proper Medicines, would have prevented a Return of the Paroxiſm. There was at that Time in the Miniſtry, but, unfortunately for this Country, is now no more, a Man, who, amongſt innumerable great and amiable Abilities, had one Defect, as dangerous, perhaps, as can fall to the Share of a Stateſman; a Deſire, I mean to pleaſe every Body. In Oppoſition to his own Judgment, he was induced by that Failure in his Diſpoſition, to aſſiſt the Miniſtry in the Exertion of their darling Prerogative: A Bauble they were as fond of ſhewing on every Occaſion, as a Child is of his favourite Play-Thing. They levied a Tax; ſent an Army of Cuſtom-Houſe Officers to collect it: All A——a took the Alarm; a Motion was made in the Aſſembly at B——n to ſend Letters circular to all the Colonies, in order that the whole N—th A——n Continent might at once petition a Redreſs of this Grievance. The Motion did not at firſt ſucceed; but the Alarm growing ſtronger, it paſſed, and an Order in Conſequence of it was entered in the Journal of the Houſe.—The Governor received Orders to command the Aſſembly to eraſe the Order from their Journals, under the Pain of the Aſſembly being diſſolved; and upon their Refuſal to ſubmit to this arbitrary Command, the Aſſembly was diſſolved. By what Law of Nature, or by what Principle in the Conſtitution of this Country, the Miniſters think themſelves authoriſed to offer the Alternative of blind Submiſſion to their Caprice, or inſtant Diſſolution to the Parliament of N—w E—g—d they have not thought proper to communicate to us. I think it is an Authority which neither is, nor ought to be lodged in leſs awful Hands than the whole legiſlative Body of this Country; and, I have no doubt but this Houſe will conſider this Uſurpation of their Authority as an high Miſdemeanor in whoever adviſed it. The Miniſtry, however, having thus by a lordly Nod laid proſtrate the Aſſembly, the Convention crept forth like Vermin from its dead Carcaſe; and the People, in the Impotence of Rage, undoubtedly were guilty of many Acts of Violence. The ſubtile Politicians were at laſt at a Nonplus, and could invent no other Means of ſupporting their uſurped Authority, but the Interpoſition of the Military, that laſt Reſource of ignorant Deſpotiſm. But they ought to know, that Countries are not to be kept in Obedience by Cuſtom-Houſe Officers, official Letters, nor even by an armed Hand, when the Minds of Men are totally alienated from their Governors. Their Folly muſt be ſoothed, their Prejudices indulged; and, unleſs this is done, the Alterations juſt glanced at by the Gentleman who ſeconded the Addreſs, as propoſed to be made in the Appointment of their Juries and Council, will be entirely uſeleſs. To whomſoever the preſent Adminiſtration ſhall transfer that Appointment, the Juries and Council muſt be compoſed of Men filled with Abhorrence of our Miniſters, univerſal in that Country. Where they are over-awed by our armed Battalions, the Diſcontent will vent itſelf in Reproaches and ſeditious Diſcourſes; but the Moment our Army is removed from B——n to ſuppreſs an Inſurrection in any other Part of the Provinces, the ſmothered Indignation will break out into Acts of Violence and Rebellion. Thus ill has this boaſted Trial of the N—th A—r—ns ſucceeded. The Miniſtry has for its Amuſement ſown a Crop of Thorns, which I hope this Houſe will eradicate, and prevent if poſſible, the raiſing any other ſuch Crop, for the future. Such has been the Conduct of Adminiſtration in A——a. If we croſs the Atlantic, we ſhall find them ſuſtaining ſtill the ſame Character. If I underſtand, in the leaſt, the K—g's Sp—ch, there are Two Propoſitions totally inconſiſtent; bring them Face to Face, and no Two Propoſitions can be more intirely ſtrangers to one another: In one we are told, that moſt vigorous Meaſures ſhall be purſued with regard to our Colonies; and by the other we are informed that his M———y has received Aſſurances of a pacific Diſpoſition in the Powers of Europe; which Aſſurances he gives no Credit to, and yet has taken no Meaſures in Vindication of the Honour and Rights of his Crown and People. But, perhaps, it is an Effect of the incomprehenſible Wiſdom of our Miniſtry, to draw the French into Corſica, to ſee their Armies ſlaughtered, and their Revenues waſted in unprofitable Attempts upon rocky Coaſts, uncultivated Woods, and barren Mountains. They conſider Corſica, as a mere uſeleſs Acquiſition; and if not a Scourge, at leaſt a Burthen to the Conquerors. But others may differ in their Opinion. Though Corſica, by itſelf, or dependant on its old Maſter, is a ſort of Nothing, when plucked from the Heart of Europe to be incorporated into France, it becomes a ſerious Object: What in the Hands of the Genoeſe was a Feather, in the Hands of the French will be a Sword.

Obſerve the Extent of the Bourbon Family, the Branches of which are ſpreading themſelves over the richeſt Domains of Europe: France extending forth its Hands to Spain; Spain ſtretching out its long Arms to France; Morocco, the old Enemy of Spain, now in Alliance with it; and Naples reaching out towards Morocco; a Prince of the ſame Houſe at Parma, and Tuſcany now an Acceſſion to the Family Compact. All theſe Powers united by Corſica, form a Line of Circumvallation round the Mediterranean, impenetrable to human Force.

Corſica is a Citadel to over-awe the whole of Italy, and brings the Bourbon Family home to the Door of our Italian Ally the King of Sardinia.—What have we to do in this State of Affairs with Aſſurances? The French do not attack Corſica with Words; but we have not even defended them with Words; we hear of no Memorials preſented by our Miniſtry; if they have been preſented, we find no Effects from them. The Houſe of Auſtria, has been exclaimed againſt on this Occaſion; but if the Houſe of Auſtria, by a weak and unjuſtifiable Neutrality, neglects its Safety, its Intereſt and its Glory, ſhall we, by a Neutrality, equally baſe and fooliſh, deſert the Liberties of Europe which we have always prided ourſelves in being the Maintainers of?

We are not to enquire whether the Invaſion of Corſica is an Action againſt former Treaties; but whether it is an Encroachment upon, and contrary to the Balance of Power which this Nation has always ſupported in Europe; this Right we muſt aſſert, by which we have obtained ſuch incredible Authority in every Negotiation: But hitherto, as far as I can hear, no Attempts have been made to awaken other Nations in Europe to a Senſe of their Danger from the Family Compact, nor any Meaſures taken, or ever concerted, to vindicate them and ourſelves againſt the Attacks of France, begun in the Iſland of Corſica.

Thus have the Miniſters ſlumbered during the violent Attempts of a Power whoſe every Motion ought to be watched by a Miniſter of this Country, who every Time that he turns his Eyes from that Power, deſerts his Duty. Theſe very Miniſters, upon the ſlighteſt Oppoſition given their Powers in America, were trembligly alive all o'er; and now, they modeſtly attempt to ſteal your Approbation of their Conduct; but I truſt, they will find this not a complimenting, but an *inquiſitive, penetrating* and *avenging Parliament.*

This was anſwered by Mr. G—nv—le, but to tell you the Truth, he was very long winded, not but he is clever too in his Buſineſs. I remember he appeared ſtedfaſtly attached, in his Speech, to the Scheme of increaſing our Finances, by taxing the Colonies; and he laboured to prove that Right in the Mother-Country, and the neceſſary and natural Subjection of the Colonies to her Superiority. One of his Arguments was ſmart enough; for, whereas ſome of the Gentlemen of the other Side mentioned, that the A——ns had laid down their Arms as ſoon as his Majeſty's Troops came to B——n; "and would they not have done the ſame, Two Years ago? Had we proceeded with Spirit then, we ſhould have heard no more of them, But what has this Houſe not done? Encouraged their Faction and Sedition, by repealing an Act which they had before paſſed as juſt and neceſſary, and they have ſince found neceſſary to renew, we have taught them to diſobey, not only by ſhewing them they might do ſo with Impunity, but that they may have us for the Juſtifiers and Abettors of their Rebellion and Diſobedience."

BOSTON, *January* 19.

WITH Captain Rowland from London, came over the Commiſſions for our new American Judges of the Admiralty, viz. Hon. Robert Auchmuty, Eſq; for New-Hampſhire, Maſſachuſetts-Bay, Rhode-Iſland, and Connecticut. Hon. Jonathan Sewal, Eſq; for Nova-Scotia, Quebec, &c. Hon. Jared Ingerſoll, Eſq; for New-York, New-Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Maryland, and Virginia; and Hon. Auguſtus Johnſton, Eſq; for North and South Carolina, Eaſt and Weſt Florida. The Salaries of each, 800l. Sterling per Annum, payable out of the Fines and Forfeitures in America. If that Fund ſhould prove inſufficient, then the Deficiency is to be made up by Draughts on the Treaſurer of the Navy, payable out of the Proceeds of Men of Wars old Stores, &c.

From private Letters, public Prints, &c. brought by Captain Scott, we learn, "That Asia was swimming in Blood—That the Affairs of Europe were in a critical Situation, the Turks, Russians, Poles, &c. actually engaged in Hostilities, which, with the Conduct of France, respecting Corsica, made many apprehend that the War would soon become general:—That the Affairs of America so engrossed the Attention of the M——y and Nation, that it was thought they would endeavour to keep out of the War, until they were happily settled:—That the Colonies, and this Province and Town in particular, had been most grosly misrepresented from hence; but that Pens had not been wanting at Home, to set G. B. and the C—m——rs Characters and Conduct in their true Light: The M——y had been led to apprehend that this Town had been actually in Arms, and the Province ready for setting up an Independency; that the Transactions of our Town-Meeting was to encourage the same; and the Convention in Boston, an actual Assumption of the Powers of Government.

"That since they had received authentic Accounts of their Proceedings, and seen the Boston Journal of Occurrences, the Prejudices raised by those false and wicked Representations had greatly subsided, and our Friends and Advocates daily increasing; that the Convention was looked upon, and considered by the Judicious as a most salutary Measure, calculated to prevent rash Proceedings, and a legal Procedure for the Redress of Grievances:—That some Persons among us had represented to Adm—st—n, that the peaceable Landing of the Troops should be imputed to our Weakness and Fears, rather than our Loyalty and Concern to prevent the Evils of a civil War, which by the Rashness of some might have been precipitated, and that they had nothing now to do but to follow the Blow, and we should be soon ready to submit to every Thing they might think proper to impose, especially if they at the same Time would support and enlarge the American Fund, whereby new Pensions might be granted, new Officers appointed, and present Salaries increased.

"That anonymous Papers had gone from hence to L—d H—ll——gh, scandalizing and abusing the most Respectable among us, which his L————p had sent back to G. B. to enquire into:—That G. B's Representations had involved the M——y, especially the American S——y, in great Embarrassments, which had led him to order a particular Account of all the pretended Transactions to be sent him, from the Beginning of December before last, supported with proper Vouchers; which plainly shews that G. B. is now put upon the Defensive, but from his known Knack at taking private Depositions, it requires the serious Attention not only of this Town, but as we have no Assembly, of his Majesty's Council, and the whole Province—That the Friends of the Nation are heartily desirous of having all Disputes with us amicably settled; some of whom have advised us, that it is in our Power to get all Things put upon their old Footing, if this will now satisfy us; that nothing will more promote this happy Effect than a Continuance of our orderly and legal Behaviour, and strictly adhering to our Agreement respecting the Consumption or Non-Importation of British Manufactures, at the same Time exhibiting to the World, by a constitutional Conduct, that we never can be persuaded by any M——r to sell, or be inveigled out of our just Rights and Privileges, and that, with the Help of Providence, we will not suffer them to be wrested from us illegally by any Power upon Earth."

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Nov. 19, 1768.

"Several Officers are spoke of for your Commander in Chief; some who will be asked, it is thought, will decline accepting it; and others, who wish to be appointed, will be overlooked; but it is the general Opinion, that Sir Jeffery will be the Man, and that he will set out very well instructed.—You may however be assured that an Officer will be appointed, who is entirely free from colonial Prejudices.

"We hear the Opinion of the Twelve Judges concerning your asserted Rights, is to be the previous Step taken towards your intended Regulation: We do not imagine that the Parliament will either enter into a Refutation of all your Letters and Petitions, or into a Correspondence with Messieurs the Speakers, but will give the several Agents, and some of the principal Men of your Province, an Opportunity of explaining and defending their Rights *coram Senatu*.

"We are well acquainted with the Names and Principles of the leading Members of your late Assembly; and we look forward with no small Degree of Expectation and Impatience, to the Time, when your great Orator will defend the assumed Rights of the new World at the Bar of our House of Commons; for from the great Attention paid him on your Continent, we have formed very high Opinions of his Genius and Parts.

"It is whispered about by our knowing Politicians, that considerable Alterations will be made in your Government; that your Town-Meetings will be abolished, and your Tradesmen, &c. obliged to incorporate themselves; that his Majesty will take upon himself the Care of nominating the Council, and that the Commanders in Chief of the Navy and Army, and the Commissioners of the Customs, will have Seats there.—Your Assemblies, as soon as they are called again, will be required to pass a Bill, before they proceed to other Business, acknowledging, in the fullest Manner, the supreme Authority of the Parliament of Great-Britain."

ANNAPOLIS, FEBRUARY 23.

The *Fauquier*, MAYNARD, from *Maryland*, and *Genoa Galley*, HOGG, from *Virginia*, are arrived at *Deal*.

Thursday last, GEORGE STEUART, Esq; was sworn in one of his Lordship's Honourable Council of State, in this Province.

Lately died at his House in *Prince-George's* County, Major FRANCIS WARING, Chief Justice, and one of the Representatives of said County. In him, the Public have lost a useful Member to Society, and his Death is greatly lamented by a numerous Acquaintance.

TO THE PRINTERS.

Prince-George's County, *Feb.* 20, 1769.

AS *William Berry*, Son of *Jeremiah*, has simply called on me, to prove what I asserted on the 22d of *December* last, I now acquaint that young Gentleman, that the Signers to the Certificate below, went before Mr. *Lowndes*, to prove what they certify, when the said *Lowndes* refused to swear them, and said he had no Right to do it, without an Authority from a higher Power; therefore hope the following State of the Matter will prove satisfactory to the Public (and if not so, to that young Gentleman)——request the Favour he would call on me in a more legal Manner than he has hitherto done, for, I shall be able to prove, by many others, besides those to the Certificates, more than are here certified; which, I confess, as nothing is dearer to a Man than his Reputation, gives me some Uneasiness, as it would every generous Breast, when they find themselves obliged to darken the Character of another, in a public Manner, before they can vindicate themselves against any scandalous Aspersions that may be thrown out against them, which is the Case, at present, between said *Berry* and myself, who has openly bestowed on me, the scandalous Epithet of a *Liar* and *Deceiver*: Which of our Characters it would be most applicable to, I leave to those who are best acquainted with us, and to the Public, after they have read the following impartial State of the Affair which occasioned it.

Some little Time before the Vestry was to meet, to nominate Persons for Inspectors, I was informed, some of the Gentlemen, in *Bladensburg*, intended to recommend Mr. *John Beall*, Joiner, and that the Push would be made against me, which afterwards proved to be the Case: I thought, notwithstanding I had been recommended, as below, some Years ago, and had continued in the Nomination ever since, it might be necessary to be guarded against any Insinuations that might be thrown against me, therefore wrote a recommendatory Letter, in order to get Subscribers to it; a Copy of which is inserted below; and the next Day, being that on which the Reverend Mr. *Addison* preached at his Upper Chapel, which was Two Days before the Vestry were to meet: Amongst a Number of others, I presented the Letter to *William Berry*, which he read, and said it was a high Recommendation, and signed it; then asked, if there was no other Person present, which had not signed; several answered, they had not; upon which the said *Berry* said, sure every Person would sign, for he looked on me preferable to any Person he knew, for an Inspector, and said, he was surprised those Gentlemen should oppose me, in Favour of *John Beall*, who could no ways be qualified for that Office. *Berry* not reading the Letter aloud, those who had not subscribed, said, they did not know what it was he wanted them to subscribe to, upon which I took the Letter out of *Berry*'s Hand, and standing at his Feet, read the Letter aloud, and then declared, that Messrs. *Richard Henderson*, *Robert Dick*, and *Andrew Leitch*, were the Persons that opposed me, in Favour of *John Beall*; upon which those who had not signed, desired their Names might be subscribed, and were several in Number, and the said *Berry* was the Person who subscribed their Names. *Berry*, the next Day, having some Business with his Excellency the Governor, on his Way to *Annapolis*, met *John Beall*, who, he says, told him he had been with the Governor, and had his Grant for to be Inspector, in case he was chosen by the Vestry: This turned the Scale with *Berry*; but with what View I cannot undertake to say. Some Time after, the said *Berry* was at Mr. *Dick*'s Store, in *Bladensburg*, and, after some Discourse between him and the young Gentleman belonging to that Store, he hatched a *Lie*, telling them, I had imposed on him, by telling him I was most agreeable to all the Gentlemen in the Town; on which those young Men said to him, did not you read *Andrew Beall*'s Recommendation, that positively mentions some of the Gentlemen, in *Bladensburg*, is in Favour of *John Beall*? *Berry* answered, he did not read it, he took my Word for it, and, as I had told him a Lie, and deceived him, he would sign *John Beall*'s Recommendation to the Governor, and assigns this for his Reason.

Some Days after, I was informed what Declarations *Berry* had made, upon which I wrote to him to meet me at *Bladensburg*, and clear up the Point to my Satisfaction, otherwise, he might depend on it, I would put him in the public Gazette; accordingly he met me at Mr. *Dick*'s Store, where he acknowledged before those young Men, Mr. *Dick* and Mr. *Deakins*, that he did read the recommendatory Letter, which before he had told those young Men he had not read: After we had talked over the Matter, I went out of the Store, and *Berry* followed me, and desired to speak with me, telling me, he had never met with any Thing that gave him so much Uneasiness as that of receiving my Letter, and that he never slept the whole Night; which, I make no Doubt of, was the Truth, (for once) knowing himself to be in a bad Box either Way: However, he told me he had not signed *John Beall*'s Recommendation, nor given any Thing from under his Hand, neither would he do it: However, *Richard Henderson* had wrote down what *Berry* had said, and gave it to *John Beall*, who made Use of it to show the People (as he rode about to get Subscribers) that I was a Deceiver; this, and the like, were the Steps taken to prevent my being appointed Inspector. *Berry* finding this was done, and knowing there was Proof against him, and imagining, I suppose, I would not be as good as my Word, notwithstanding what he had said, he condescended to sign *John Beall*'s Recommendation, and gave, from under his Hand, to the Governor, I had deceived him, as above; for the Truth of which, I refer the Readers to the Certificates below.

It has been maliciously and industriously spread, to the Prejudice of my Character, that I have made Use of Persons Names, without having any Authority so to do: I say they are Liars, whoever they be that reported it, and are hereby called on to prove their Allegations. I have been told by Gentlemen of Veracity, who signed *John Beall*'s Recommendation to the Governor, that many Things were said to my Prejudice, which occasioned them to sign, which they have since found to be absolute Falsities.

ANDREW BEALL.

"WE, the Subscribers, understanding Mr. *John Beall*, Joiner, having a Recommendation from some particular Gentlemen in *Bladensburg*, which we look upon have not more than an equal Right with Planters, to recommend an Inspector; and as we are desirous of having a Man independant and free, do therefore, as the present Vestry may not be acquainted with the Recommendation Mr. *Andrew Beall* formerly had, now recommend and prefer the said Mr. *Andrew Beall* as an Inspector for *Bladensburg*, before any Person whatever, except the present Inspectors.

"WE, the Subscribers, do hereby certify, that we saw Mr. *William Berry* looking over the original Recommendation, of which the above is a true Copy; after which he said, it was a high Recommendation, and then sign'd it; after which he asked, if there was no other Person present, who had not subscribed. Several answered they had not; upon which Mr. *William Berry* said, sure every Person would subscribe; for, he look'd on Mr. *Andrew Beall* to be preferable to any Person he knew, for an Inspector, or Words to that Effect; and said, he was surprised those Gentlemen should oppose him in Favour of *John Beall*, who could not be qualified for an Inspector: Upon which the People said, they did not know what it was he wanted them to sign; when Mr. *Andrew Beall* took the Paper out of *Berry*'s Hand, and standing at *Berry*'s Feet, (as he was then sitting) read the Letter aloud; after which he declared Messieurs *Richard Henderson*, *Robert Dick*, and *Andrew Leitch*, were the Persons that opposed him in Favour of *John Beall*; upon which those who had not signed, desired their Names might be subscribed, which were several in Number, and Mr. *William Berry* was the Person that wrote their Names. This we will make Oath to, if required.

(*Signed*) { "ZACHARIAH SCOTT,
"SHADRACH LANHAM,
"AQUILA WHEELER,
"THOMAS CRAFFORD.

"*Thomas Crafford* further declares, that some Time after the above was transacted, he happened in Company with Mr. *William Berry*, and the said *Berry* told him, notwithstanding what he had said, he still preferred Mr. *Andrew Beall*."

BY AUTHORITY,

At the NEW THEATRE in ANNAPOLIS,

BY THE NEW

AMERICAN COMPANY of COMEDIANS,

On SATURDAY next, being the 25th Instant,

WILL BE PRESENTED, THE

BEGGAR's OPERA.

Capt. Macheath, by Mr. VERLING,
Peachum, by Mr. DARBY,
Lockit, by Mr. PARKER,
Filch, by Mr. GODWIN,
Robin of Bagshot, and *Drawer*, by Mr. MALONE,
Jemmy Twitcher, by Mr. PAGE,
Crook-finger'd Jack, by Mr. WALKER,
Matt of the Mint, by Mr. GODWIN,
Ben Budge, by Mr. BURDETT,
Nimming Ned, by Mr. JEFFERSON,
Beggar, and *Player*, by Mr. PARKER, and Mr. BURDETT.
Mrs. *Peachum*, and *Lucy Lockit*, by Mrs. WALKER,
[*Being her first Appearance in them Characters.*]
Diana Trapes, and Mrs. *Vixen*, by Mrs. JONES,
Mrs. *Slamekin*, by Mrs. WALKER,
Mrs. *Coaxer*, by Mrs. BURDETT,
Jenny Diver, by Mrs. MALONE,
Molly Brazen, by Mr. WALKER,
And the Part of *Polly*, by Mrs. PARKER.

In Act the Third, will be introduced a Hornpipe by Mr. GODWIN, *in the Character of* Filch, *and Prisoners in Chains.*

End of the Opera, *a Dance by the Characters.*

To which will be added a Farce, *called* THE

BRAVE IRISHMAN.

Captain *O'Blunder*, by Mr. MALONE.

*** TICKETS *to be had at Mr.* KNAPP's, *near the Town-Gate, and at the Bar of the* Theatre.

☞ LOWER BOXES, 7*s.* 6*d.*——PIT, and UPPER BOXES, 5*s.*——*The Doors to be opened at* Four, *and the* Play *to begin precisely at* Six o'Clock.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Lord CAMBDEN, *Capt.* JOHN JOHNSTOUN, *from* LONDON, *and to be sold by the Subscribers, at the Store kept by* THOMAS HARWOOD, 3*d*, *in* Church-Street, Annapolis,

A WELL assorted CARGO of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS; amongst which are a great Choice of fashionable SILKS; such as Pink, and white flowered Tissues; blue and white ditto; Straw and Purple Lutestring; Rose-Branch ditto; Pink Satin; Stripp'd ditto; Straw, and green robin'd ditto; white ditto; white Serge Deroys, white Sattins; Pink-ground Brocades; white ground ditto; Pink, and white flowered Sattin; Sky-blue ditto; and Sky-blue and black Ducapes.—Those Silks were well chose and bought, and may be had at a low Advance. THO. HARWOOD, 3*d*,

and

(tf) JOHN BRICE.

To be SOLD, *on the second* Thursday *in* April *next, on the Premises, to the highest Bidder, on reasonable Credit,*

THREE Thousand Acres of exceeding rich level LAND, in *Frederick* County, in *Virginia*, about 15 Miles from *Winchester*, and convenient to several Merchant Mills, where there is a high Price given for Wheat. The said Land will be laid off in such Lots as may best suit the Purchasers.

(ts) LEWIS BURWELL.

February 14, 1769.

A PRIVATE CHARITY CONCERT will be perform'd in the Assembly-Room at *Upper-Marlborough*, on Wednesday the 29th of *March* next, by a Number of the best Hands, on different Instruments; the first Violin by Mr. LEONARD.—TICKETS, at 7*s.* 6*d.* each, to be had of the Managers, Major *Joseph Sim*, Messieurs *Charles Digges*, *John Hepburn*, Jun. and *Christopher Richmond*, who will have the Application of the Money arising for the intended Charity.

Dumfries, Feb. 7, 1769.

MR. ROBERT BRENT having, on the 2d Day of last *February*, at the Town of *Dumfries*, enter'd into a Composition with several of his Creditors, wherein he gave up several Tracts of Land, in the County of *Stafford*, together with Seven Slaves, and other Effects, to be sold for their Benefit; and, Mr. GEORGE BRENT, his Father, having, at the same Time, given up his Tract of Land in *Prince-William* County, called *Brent-Town*, near 8000 Acres, to be sold, and the Money (after Mortgages are discharg'd) to be apply'd in like Manner; the said *Robert*'s Creditors giving him a final Discharge from any future Claim, on Account of their Debts; and, it being also specified in the said Composition, that such other of the said *Robert*'s Creditors, as choose it, might be included therein, provided they signify their Assent thereto, within Two Months from the Date aforesaid; and we, the Subscribers, being appointed Trustees, as well for the disposing of the Premises, for the Uses aforesaid, as for transacting the several Things relative thereto, do request all Persons, who are desirous of entering into the said Composition, immediately to make us acquainted therewith. We also desire the several Creditors will meet in the Town of *Dumfries*, on the Third Day of next *April*, to consult on proper Measures to be taken for disposing of the said Lands to the best Advantage. We also beg Leave to inform the Public, that we do not propose to postpone the selling the *Brent-Town* Lands, longer than the 4th of next *April*; but that they will then be disposed off on the Premises, either all together, or in Lots, as will be most agreeable to the Purchasers.——It will also be agreed on, at the Time of Sale, whether the Lands will be sold for ready Money, or on Credit, tho' we incline to believe the latter.

HECTOR ROSS,
JOHN GIPSON,
WILLIAM CARR.
(3w)

December 2, 1768.

STOLEN, or STRAY'D, from *Upper-Marlborough*, a white HORSE, about 13 Hands high, well made, branded on the near Shoulder with a T, and on the near Buttock, with the Letter M; he has a Switch Tail, his fore Feet are broad, and he trots and gallops.——Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have a Reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS, paid by

JAMES ROBINSON.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Richard Powell*, in *Frederick* County, near *Frederick-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a middle-sized grey MARE, with some flea-bitten Spots, about 14 Hands high, trots and gallops: She is about 9 or 10 Years old, and has no perceivable Brand or Flesh Mark; had on a small Bell tied on with a Stirrup Leather.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

TAKEN up a-drift at the Mouth of *Patapsco*, in *January* last, by a Negro, belonging to *Rezin Hammond*, a new BATTOE, about 21 Feet long, with Stern Sheets, and a Ring-Bolt in her Stem.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

February 15, 1769.

At the House of Mr. BENJAMIN BROOKES, Upper-Marlborough, *on Wednesday the 29th of* March, *at Two o'Clock, Afternoon, will be* RAFFLED,

THE BAY HORSE RANGER,

THE Property of Dr. HAMILTON, Eight Years old, very fat, fresh, healthy, and now perfectly sound. RANGER hath as much Spirit, not inferior in Blood, and superior in Strength, to any high bred Horse in this Province. He was got by REGULUS, his Dam by MERRY ANDREW, Grand Dam by STEADY, Great Grand Dam was the Dam of WILDAIR. REGULUS was got by the GODOLPHIN ARABIAN, Dam by the BALD GALLOWAY. MERRY ANDREW was got by OLD FOX, Dam by HAUTBOY. STEADY was got by FLYING CHILDERS, Dam by GRANTHAM.——These Three named Stallions won 1000 Guineas, in King's Plates, as may be seen in the Equestrian Table.—The Terms of this Raffle, are to be Forty-five Adventurers, at Four Guineas a Chance, and One Chance to the Persons that take in the Subscriptions, and collects the Money. He that wins this valuable Horse, shall allow the said Horse to cover Two Mares for each Adventurer, one this, and the other next Season—To stand within 25 Miles of *Upper-Marlborough*.——He is now in training, and will run at *Annapolis*, if they carry Ten Stone.——If the Subscription is not made up, nor run at *Annapolis*, he will cover at *Schoolfield*, 'til the Tenth of *May*, at Two Guineas the Mare; and those covered by him last Season, that is not with Foal, shall be covered at one Guinea each.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in at *Annapolis*, by Mr. *Thomas B. Hodgkins*; at *Upper-Marlborough*, by Mr. *Benjamin Brookes*; at *Nottingham*, by Mr. *Edward Bolsire*, Merchant; and at *Welsh's* Ferry, by Mr. *Alexander Magruder*, Merchant.——Persons will be appointed at *Pig-Point*, *Piscataway*, and other Places.

*** This Horse may cover 100 Mares in one Season, to begin early. (3w)

Frederick County, *January* 30, 1769.

WHEREAS I, the Subscriber, as Administrator of *James Brooke*, jun. deceased, did on the 16th Day of *November* last, give a Note under my Hand to *George Scott*, Esq; late Sheriff of this County, for Twenty-Three Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Sixpence, in Consequence of an Account the said *Scott* brought against the Estate of *James Brooke*, jun. Four Pounds Four Shillings of which was for Interest. The Account I have since laid before the Commissary-General, who refused to allow the Interest; since that, I have paid Nineteen Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Sixpence on the said Note, and do hereby forewarn any Person of taking an Assignment for the Remainder of the said Note, as I will not pay it.

BASIL BROOKE.

Schoolfield, Prince-George's County, *Feb.* 15, 1769.

THE Subscriber finds, from his long Indulgence, some Accounts on his Books, are become disputable; he therefore desires all those indebted to him, to come and pay off, without Delay. Those that don't present themselves, to give a Reason why they cannot comply with this Demand, may expect to be compelled by Law. (3w) THOMAS HAMILTON.

Wants Freight from Philadelphia, *to* Patowmack *River*, Maryland,

THE Schooner GEORGE, a free Bottom. She is now loading in *Patowmack* for *Philadelphia*, and expected to be there by the Middle of *March*.—The Merchants on *Patowmack*, who want Goods from thence, are hereby advertised of this Conveyance, and requested to give timely Orders to their Correspondents. (w3)

February 15, 1769.

To be sold, at PUBLIC VENDUE, *on the Premises, on Monday the* 3*d Day of* April *next*,

TWO Hundred Acres of Land, or thereabout, being the Part, clear of the Widow's Thirds, of the Land and Plantation on which Mr. *Benjamin Welsh*, deceased, lately lived, on which is a very large Brick House, begun by Mr. *Welsh*.——The Day following, will be sold, in the same Manner, on the Premises, Two Thirds of about Two Hundred Acres of Land, being Mr. *Benjamin Welsh*'s Part of the Tracts, called SNOWDEN and WELSH, in Defiance of WILLIAMS and CLARK, and BACON HALL: This Land lies within a very small Distance of *Snowdens* Works, and Mr. *Welsh* formerly lived on it. Those who are acquainted with these Lands, know them to be very good, and those who are not acquainted with them, but from their Situation, and may be desirous of purchasing, are requested to view the Lands, and, it is not doubted, they will be pleased with them.——And, the Day following, will be sold, in the same Manner, on the Premises, Two Thirds of a Tract of Land, called CHENEY-HILL, containing 100 Acres, which lately belonged to Mr. *Benjamin Welsh*, lying on the South Side of *South-River*. If any of the Days appointed should prove bad, the respective Sales will be on the next fair Day.——I have Window Frames and Sashes, besides a Quantity of Scantling, and some Plank, designed by Mr. *Welsh*, for his House, which I am desirous of selling to the Purchaser of the Land.

(6w) THOMAS RUTLAND.

Baltimore-Town, February 12, 1769.

THE Subscriber gives this public Notice, that he has finished his House, which he intended for the Conveniency of Inoculation: It is within Half a Mile of the Town, on a healthy Situation, with an agreeable Prospect. He intends to begin Inoculation, the 15th of this Instant, and continue until the last of *June*. Those who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,
(3m) HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. His Price for Inoculation, is 2*l.* 14*s.* each, 20*s. per* Week for Board, and Attendance, so that the whole Expence will not exceed more than Five or Six Pounds Currency, and their Sickness (if any) not continue more than Two, Three, or Four Days.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *on Thursday the 6th Day of* April, 1769,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing about 2000 Acres, more or less, lying in *Faquier* County, in *Virginia*, well wooded and watered: Said Land lies within Half a Mile of the main Road, that goes from *Dumfries* to *Winchester*, and Three Miles to the Westward of the *Bull-Run* Mountain, on a Branch of *Goose* Creek, One Fourth Part of this Land, will make exceeding good Meadow. The whole is well adapted for Farming. The Sale to begin exactly at Twelve o'Clock, at the House of Mr. JOHN SCIERS, who lives within Half a Mile of the Land, and will shew it to any Person inclined to purchase, the whole will be Sold together, or parcelled out, as may be agreed on the Day of Sale. Time will be given for Payment, on giving Bond with Security, if required. JUDSON COOLIDGE.

St. Mary's, January 31, 1769.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 14*th Day of* March *next, at the Dwelling-Plantation of the late* ROBERT CHESLEY, *Esq; for ready Money, or Tobacco*,

A PARCEL of likely NEGROES, a variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE; Stock, of different Sorts; a large Quantity of NAILS, HOES, AXES, and a Parcel of STORE-GOODS, too tedious to mention, about Two Hundred Pounds Sterling Value, will be sold Wholesale or Retail. Constant Attendance will be given by ROBERT WATTS, Esq. ANN CHESLEY, Executrix,
WILLIAM FITZHUGH, Executor.

Fairfax County, *(Virginia) January* 27, 1769.

WHEREAS my Wife, JANE HUNTER, hath behaved towards me in so imprudent a Manner, as to cause a Separation, I am determined to pay no Debts of her contracting, and take this Method to put every Person upon their Guard, that she may make Application to.

(w6) JOHN HUNTER.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of JOSIAS BEALL, late of *Frederick* County, deceased, are desired to make Payment; and those that have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, properly proved, that they may be settled.

To be SOLD, *by the* SUBSCRIBER,

PART of Two LOTS, joining the main Street, in *George-Town*, whereon is a large well finished Dwelling-House, Store-House, Kitchen, Stable, Garden, Meat-House, and Milk-House.—— Also to be sold, 250 Acres of Land, lying near the said Town.

(w3) THADDEUS BEALL, Administrator.

February 1, 1769.

WHEREAS I have long received considerable Damage in the Lands belonging to *George Plater*, Esq; and myself, in *Swan-Creek-Neck*, on *Patowmack* River, *Prince-George's* County, by Numbers of People, who have heretofore taken the Liberty of coming there to fish and hunt, but more especially in the Spring Season, from those who come for the Herring-Fishery; where, besides the Inroads and Depredations committed on the Lands and Fencing, we are deprived, in a great Measure, of the Benefits and Emoluments arising from the Situation of our Lands, in respect of the Fishery, which, as Proprietors, we apprehend we have an exclusive Right and Privilege unto.——The former licentious Practices of Fowlers and Fishers, being very disagreeable to Mr. PLATER, as well as to myself, (with his Concurrence and Approbation) in order to prevent farther Abuses of the same kind, for the future, and to preserve our Property in said Lands, with the Shores belonging, unmolested, I hereby give Notice to all Persons whatsoever, not to enter upon the said Lands or Shores, to hunt or fish, at their Peril, without Leave first had and obtained of Mr. PLATER, or myself, in Writing, or from Mr. GEORGE HARDEY, at *Piscataway*; to whom those wanting to fish, may apply.

(w3) JOHN ADDISON SMITH.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *by the Subscriber, Administratrix of* BRIAN PHILPOT, *deceased, in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *on the First Day of next* MARCH *Court*,

ALL the real Estate of the said deceased, consisting of sundry LOTS, lying in, and near the said Town; on some of which are considerable Improvements: Also Three Plantations, lying in the said County, one of which is called ADDS-BUDD'S PROSPECT, containing 668 Acres, about 16 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, on which are a good Dwelling-House, Quarter, Barn, and other Improvements, about 60 Acres of Meadow, already made, which is in Grass, and a large Quantity more may be made: The Soil, in general, is well adapted for Farming, with a sufficient Quantity of Upland, cleared, and under a good Fence. The other Two Plantations are Part of NICHOLSON'S MANOR, which lies on the *Western-Run*, about 18 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*. The Soil is remarkable fertile and rich, adapted either for Tobacco or Hemp, and a large Quantity of rich Bottom-Meadow may be made on each, as they contain about 765 Acres.——The Terms of Sale, and Authority for the same, will be shewn at any Time, upon Application to

(ts.) MARY PHILPOT, Administratrix.

July 29, 1768.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, living in *Queen-Anne's* County, a black HORSE, about Eight Years old, a natural Pacer, he has one of his hind Feet white, and one of his Fore-Teeth is broke. He is branded on the left Thigh, but the Mark is not remember'd. It is suppos'd he was stole either by WALTER HARRIS, or JAMES WIGGINS, who lately lived here, but has since removed to *Baltimore* County.——Whoever will bring the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, paid by (w4) JOHN BROWN.

THERE is in *Frederick* County Jail, taken up as a Runaway, upon the 7th Day of *November* last, a Negro Man, named PETER, a tall slender Fellow, who says he ran away from a Ship, but can give no distinct Account of himself: Likewise taken up and committed the 19th Day of *January*, a Servant Man, named RICHARD FLOOD, who says he belongs to RICHARD MURPHY, in *Baltimore* County.

The Owners are desired to take them away, and pay Charges.

(3w) NORMAND BRUCE, Sheriff.

THE Subscribers having Authority to agree with Two CURATES, for the Administration of Divine Service, in separate Districts of *All-Saints* Parish, in *Frederick* County, hereby give Notice, That they will treat with any well recommended Clergymen of the Church of *England*, for that Purpose. To prevent Disappointment, Applications are desired to be made, by Letter, directed to the Subscribers, in *Frederick-Town*, in said County.

T. BOWLES,
(4w) GEO. MURDOCK.

WANTING A FREIGHT,

A SHIP, of 180 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Potowmack* River, well found and mann'd, ready to take in her Load immediately, for any Port in *Great-Britain*, *Ireland*, or elsewhere, as a Charter may be agreed on.—Enquire of the Printers. (4w)

To be sold, pursuant to the last Testament of the Hon. Benjamin Tasker, *of the Province of* Maryland, *deceased, on Wednesday the 1st Day of* March, 1769, *if fair, if not, the next fair Day, at Public Sale,*

THE House and Plantation, called BELLAIR, (lying in *Prince-George's* County, in *Maryland*, formerly the Property and Residence of the late Governor *Ogle*, deceased,) also about 21 SLAVES, all the Stock, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Plows, Tools, &c. there.——This Estate contains about 2177 Acres, including a Quantity of mowable Meadow, and a large Portion of arable Land, which is well inclosed, and Wheat was sown last Autumn on Part of it. Its Situation is healthful, and distant about 16 Miles from *Annapolis*, 12 from the Town of *Bladensburg*, and 6 from *Queen-Anne*. The Mansion-House, and Office, near it, are Two Stories, built of Brick; the latter, about 40 Feet square, and the former, 60 by 35 Feet. The Orchards, Garden, Stables, Barns, &c. also contribute to make this Seat very pleasing and commodious. It is proposed that the Purchaser, or Purchasers, who shall buy to the Amount of 50 l. Sterling (or for any greater Sum) may pass his, or their Bonds, with approved Security for the same, to the acting Trustees, or their Agents, who will attend at the Time and Place aforesaid.

A

SCHEME

OF A

LOTTERY

FOR RAISING

SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS,

FOR FINISHING THE

MARKET-HOUSE & TOWN-HALL

IN

FREDERICK-TOWN, in FREDERICK County,

TO CONSIST OF

TWO THOUSAND TICKETS,

AT TWO DOLLARS each.

FIVE HUNDRED and FIFTY-SEVEN of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of	200	Dollars, is	200 Dollars.
2	-	100	- - -	200
3	- -	50	- - -	150
4	- -	25	- - -	100
20	- -	15	- - -	300
50	- -	10	- - -	500
475	- -	4	- - -	1900
PRIZES, 557	First drawn Blank,		-	25
BLANKS, 1443	Last drawn Blank,		-	25
				600 Sm rais'd.

2000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 4000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are little more than TWO BLANKS and an HALF to a PRIZE; and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the Whole.——When the TICKETS are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at least. to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Five of the Managers, at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are Messrs. *Christopher Edelen, Casper Shaaff, Thomas Price, George Murdock, Levy Cohan, Jacob Young, Lodowick Weltner, Charles Beatty, Joseph Gaither, George Scott, Adam Fisher, John Horse, William Parker, Jacob Schley, Daniel Heughs, Upton Sheredine, George Stricker, Thomas Cramphin*, Jun. *William Deakin*, Jun. and *Andrew Stigar*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——PRIZES not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deemed as generously given for the Use intended, and applied accordingly.

*** The Value of Seven Shillings and Six-pence, in PENNSYLVANIA Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of TICKETS; and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

N. B. TICKETS to be had of any of the MANAGERS, and at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in ANNAPOLIS. (3m)

Kent-Island, January 23, 1769.

ANY Person having Chesnut Rails to dispose of, and will engage to land them on the Upper End of *Kent-Island*, may meet with a Purchaser for Eight or Ten Thousand, by applying to the Subscriber.——I should be glad to know the lowest Terms they would deliver them at.

(7w) REZIN ROWLES.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 1, 1769.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VERY good LOT, and a HOUSE thereon, with several Out-Houses, a Yard with a Well therein, and a good Garden, situated near the Dock, and very convenient for either a Merchant, or Tavern-Keeper.——For further Particulars, enquire on the Premises. JOHN CARTY.

*** Lisewise to be sold, a small SCHOONER, now on the Stocks, Burthen about 30 Tons. (4w)

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, *living on* Kent-Island, *on very reasonable Terms,*

ALL her DOWER, or THIRDS, which she claims as Widow of JOHN M'DERMOTT, deceased, of, and in Two Lots of Ground, in *Frederick-Town, Cæcil* County, whereon is a good large framed Dwelling-House, with a very good Brick Kitchen adjoining, and a good framed House, built for a Billiard-Room, with a very fine Chamber above, and a very good Garden, *&c.* For Terms apply to

SARAH FLYNN.

Frederick-Town, Cæcil County, *Oct.* 24, 1768.

TO be Sold, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from *George* and *William Buck*, Esqrs. Merchants of *Biddeford*, a Dwelling-House in *Chester-Town*, compleatly finished, with Eight Rooms, Six of which are richly papered. There is an excellent Kitchen adjoining, in which are Two good Fire-Places, and every Thing compleat. On the Lot is a commodious Stable, with Nine Stalls, Two of which are close; a large Yard, with a good Well and new Pump in it, and every other Conveniency fit for a Gentleman's Family in private Life, or public Business. On the same Lot is a large Brick House, which, with a little Expence, might be converted into a good Store-Room and Compting-House. For Terms of Sale, apply to

(tf) JOSEPH EARLE.

Patapsco-Ferry, December 28, 1768.

THE Subscriber being appointed by the Magistrates of *Baltimore* County, at the last Court, to keep the Lower-Ferry, on *Patapsco* River, for said County, begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has provided safe and convenient BOATS, well Mann'd, together with every Thing necessary to give Travellers the utmost Dispatch.——He also keeps a TAVERN, and has taken considerable Pains to fit up commodious Lodging-Rooms, and lay in a proper Assortment of Liquors. He has also erected very good STABLES, and is always furnished with Plenty of excellent Clover-Hay and Oats, so that Gentlemen may depend upon having their Horses taken great Care of, and themselves agreeably accommodated, by

Their most humble Servant,

(10w) JAMES KELSO.

December 30, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Airs*'s Ford, on the Falls of *Patapsco*, on *Elk-Ridge*, an *Irish* indented Servant Man, named PETER DENNY, about 20 Years of Age, about Five Feet Two Inches high, of a fair Complexion, thin visaged, grey eyed, and a little pitted with the Small-Pox, short brown Hair, and carries his Head crooked, is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk, is very quarrelsome: Had on, when he went away, a new Check Shirt, a new Bearskin Coat, bound round with black Binding, a blue Sagathy Jacket, with the Skirts lin'd with the same, and yellow Buttons, a Pair of new Broad Cloth Breeches, a Pair of plain Yarn Stockings, a Pair of new Shoes, and Steel Buckles, a Felt Hat, bound with black Ferreting, a new red Duffil great Coat, and took with him, a black Stallion, about 13 Hands high, and near Nine Years old, with a half worn *English* Saddle, and Snaffle Bridle: He also took with him Three Bills, One of Twenty Shillings, One of Fifteen, and One of Five; and, as he is well acquainted in *Baltimore-Town*, he may probably change his Dress.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall receive Three Pounds for the Man, and Thirty Shillings for the Horse, beside what the Law allows, paid by

(tf) VALENTINE BROWN, Junior.

Virginia, Aquia, Dec. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 4th Day of April *next,*

THE valuable Tract of LAND, known by the Name of BRENTON, containing 8,000 Acres, lying in *Prince-William* County, and within 18 Miles of *Colchester*, 14 of *Dumfries*, and 25 of *Falmouth*. This Land is remarkable for being level, of a rich Soil throughout the Tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable Improvements on it, and pays no QUIT-RENTS. The Sale will begin precisely at 12 o'Clock, at the House of SCARLET MADDINS, on the Premises, and the Land sold either in Lots, or the Whole, as shall be agreed upon on the Day of Sale, as well as the Terms for Payment.

ROBERT BRENT,
WILLIAM BRENT,
DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZER.

(15w)

December 24, 1768.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Dorchester* County, about Two Miles to the Eastward of the Line lately run, granted under *Maryland* Rights, with natural and artificial Boundaries for 600 Acres, but contains nearly 900 Acres. The Land lies about 10 Miles from the Forest-Landing, on *Jones*'s Creek, on *Delaware*, and about 9 Miles from *Choptank-Bridge*; has Two Streams of Water running through it, one of them sufficient for a Mill, and has about 100 Acres of Land, capable of making exceeding rich Meadow. There is about 350 Acres of cleared Land, under good Fence, on Part of which there is now sown 110 Bushels of Wheat. There is on the Land a Dwelling-House, 36 Feet by 20, with a Cellar, a Smoke-House, Milk-House, Three Corn-Houses, one new Barn, 50 Feet by 30; one Peach Orchard, of 7000 flourishing Trees, and Three Apple Orchards. The Plantation is in very good Order, the Situation pleasant and healthy, and the Soil very rich, and well adapted to Farming, but particularly good for Wheat.

Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply to *Joseph Gill*, who lives on the Premises, and will shew the Land and Title, (which is indisputable) as well as give Information of the Terms and Conditions of the Sale, which will be on the Premises, the 16th Day of *March* next, if fair, if not, on the first fair Day after, by (ts) JOSEPH COWMAN.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the *Neabsco* Iron-Works, in *Virginia*, on, or about the 10th of *October* last, a Country born Negro Man Slave, named BILLIE, the Property of the Hon. *John Tayloe*, Esq; he is about 30 Years of Age, very black, well made, Five Feet Eight Inches high, puts on a sower Look when taxed with any Thing amiss; he had on and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, and sundry other Sorts of Cloaths, besides Shoes and Stockings of various Kinds: He is by Trade a Ship-Carpenter, and is such a Proficient in that Business, as not only to repair, but to build all Sorts of small Craft. The Day that he went off, he was accompanied by a dark Mulatto Fellow, named SCIPIO, the Property of Mr. *John M'Millian* of *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*, of much the same Age and Size as himself. They crossed *Potowmack-River* together, in a Schooner's Boat, to the *Maryland* Shore, where they left her, and have, from that Time kept themselves undiscovered. As *Billie* was some Time last Summer brought from *Carolina*, (to which Place, under the Sanction of a forged Pass, he had travelled as a Freeman) it is more than probable that if he is not now engaged by some Ship-Builders to the Northward, that he will endeavour to get on board of some Craft, bound for *Charles-Town*, or to some Place in *Carolina*, where he expects to be free.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, or Mulatto, and brings One, or both, to the Subscriber, or to Mr. *John Calvert*, Manager of Col. *Tayloe*'s Mine-Bank, in *Baltimore* County, or will secure them, so as they may be had again, shall receive, for each, a Reward of Five Pounds, if taken Forty Miles from home, or the above Reward, if at a greater Distance from the said Mr. *John Calvert*, or from

(tf) THOMAS LAWSON.

October 14, 1768.

STOLEN last Night, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Upper-Marlborough*, a likely bright bay HORSE, Four Years old, and about 14 and an Half Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, B; he paces, trots, and gallops, and carries his Head high, when rode.

Whoever secures the said Horse, so as I may get him again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if he be convicted, paid by BENJAMIN HALL, (Son of FRANCIS.)

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.